Asia/Oceania – Japan, Thailand, New Zealand, Australia

What do individual member countries need from the LRG and how might this be best provided?

- Guidance tools for inventory guidance (Tier 1- Tier 2)
- Support to get activity data for national inventories (research, infrastructure, people, funding)
- Scientific publications for use by IPCC for regional data
- Research connections to get/share data/be a part of global initiatives
- Finding and building Capability (people)
- Websites/Communication better information sharing about platforms for contributions to LRG
- Sharing practical solutions (small holder farmers)
- Advance sharing of research/activities so members can be involved better information before the activity begins
- Helping to co-ordinate and avoid duplications
- Tech transfer greater transfer of practical technologies that exist now (farm management)



Asia/Oceania – Japan, Thailand, New Zealand, Australia

What contribution can individual member countries make to the LRG and how might best this be facilitated?

- Want to be involved in the Feed and Nutrition network flagship program
- Scientific expertise (research and capability activities)
- Data for sharing –global solutions
- Models that can be applied globally
- Infrastructure

Facilitation

- Platform to share data
- Wider network
- Better representation
- Share approaches in advance planning contributions
- Frameworks for sharing (international agreements, samples, data)









Europe

What do individual member countries need from LRG and how is it best provided?

- Well recognized platform for inter- and intra-institutional collaboration
- Formulate LRG strategy/agenda for government/funders
- Improve information flow between GRA & networks (Regular Skype calls & summaries)
- Include new disciplines such as human nutrition, socioeconomic, food quality, ...
- Lobby on behalf of their networks to move forward their impact
- Write position paper of LRG achievements
- Provide online database that contains information on current & past projects

What contribution can individual member countries make to the LRG and how this be best be facilitated

- Greater engagement and deliver promises
- Makes sure that mandates are followed by each country
- Respond to request from GRA
- More commitment of national funders
- Data and expertise if there is funding
- Get research needs on country's agendas
- Communicate what research is done on the country website with project leader
- Get flagship projects funding and running

Africa

Cameroon, Uganda, Nigeria, Tunisia, Zimbabwe, Kenya, South Africa, Ghana, Senegal, Ivory Coast

Countries' request to LRG

- Network/access to best practices on GHG activities
- Assistance/guidance (Tier 1->2->3, infrastructure, adapting tools to context and country)
- Capacity building (education, continuing training and equipment)
- Advocacy/policy environment
- Collaborative research
- Sharing information

Role of LRG:

- Facilitate access to 1) finance; 2) knowledge; 3) networking; 4) create regional network/projects
- Inventory of research projects in the region/globally
- Trigger education, awareness and training ("Regional Centre of Excellence")

Contribution to LRG

- Sharing (regional and country) information & data
- Participate in networking
- Making available/facilitate access to human resources, animal, infrastructure, facilities

for collaborative research and the "Regional Centre of Excellence"

• Volunteering advocates

Partners

What should the LRG's mandate be and the priorities? What changes (if any) need to be made to the LRGs set-up and ways of working to ensure contribution to the Global Agenda 2030?

- This should be determined by internal/external review.
- Comprehensive integrated perspective on livestock systems.
 - Can this be addressed by the integrated research group
 - Circularity
- Socioeconomic research in supported policies.
- How can socioeconomic researchers/expertise be integrated in LRG?
- Broader ownership and commitment in developing countries.
- Hook into existing regional mechanism and commissions.
- Establish regional leaderships.
- Support research in different climates across continents.

What should the LRG's mandate be and the priorities? What changes (if any) need to be made to the LRGs set-up and ways of working to ensure contribution to the Global Agenda 2030?

- Broaden stakeholder base (civil society organization and private sector) to include their perspectives.
- Include a strategic advisory panel to guide research and activities. Terms of reference to be defined
- Organize meetings on livestock systems.
- GRA assistance of expertise to assess if different
- How to ask the questions and what question to ask
- Provide assistance with research proposal development
- Support translation of science to stakeholder (e.g. regional Leaders)
- Building incentives?