

# Global Research Alliance - Agricultural Inventory Training

GLOBAL  
RESEARCH  
ALLIANCE  
ON AGRICULTURAL  
GREENHOUSE GASES

## programme

### Intended Outcomes:

### Opportunity definition

Better coordination in the global capability building training work to utilise resources more effectively, reduce burden on developing countries, and avoid duplication of work.

### Proposal

New Zealand is offering to coordinate Monitoring, Reporting, and Verification (MRV) activities through the GRA Inventory and NDC Network.

Countries and organisations will contribute to the Global Research Alliance Agricultural Inventory Training (GRAIT) programme by sharing information on their current and proposed activities on agricultural MRV and The Enhanced Transparency Framework (ETF).

It is proposed to hold a launch of this programme prior to the Pacific Climate Change Conference, in Apia, Samoa, on 20 May 2024.

### Background

Robust MRV systems are essential for meeting Greenhouse Gas (GHG) reporting requirements, under the Paris Agreement. The ETF has further intensified the demand for capacity-building efforts in developing countries.

There is a need to improve collaboration and cohesion between funding countries and organisations globally, to reduce pressure on developing countries who often work with multiple donors. Building on the GRA's collaborative ethos among its large network of member countries and partner organisations, there is an opportunity to better coordinate, communicate and accelerate agricultural inventory training. The GRAIT programme brings together the current global work efforts of countries and organisations to build on existing work (rather than repeating), develop new collaborations and provide a location to advertise funding and training opportunities.

### Next Steps

If you are interested in being part of the GRAIT programme, and helping develop the programme concept further before its launch, please contact Dr. Andrea Pickering at: ([Andrea.Pickering@nzagrc.org.nz](mailto:Andrea.Pickering@nzagrc.org.nz)).



Developing countries are well informed and can easily access funding and training opportunities.

Increased awareness of the significance of high tiered inventory methodologies.



Enhanced capacity of countries to conduct high tiered agricultural inventories.

Improved dissemination of relevant scient information to stakeholders by strengthening linkages.



Improved coordination and collaboration among countries in this space, ensuring use of resources and fund.